

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/22

Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended)

February/March 2022

45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

INSTRUCTIONS

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.

- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.



This document has **20** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

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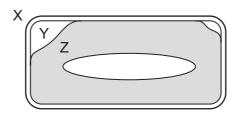
[Turn over

1 Plant nutrition needs light and water.

Which row shows what else needs to be taken in?

	carbon dioxide	ions	organic compounds
Α	✓	✓	✓
В	X	X	✓
С	✓	✓	X
D	✓	x	X

2 The diagram shows a cell starting to plasmolyse.

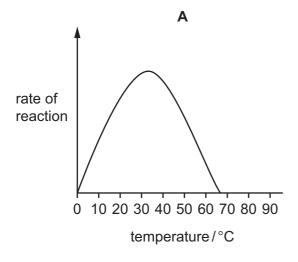


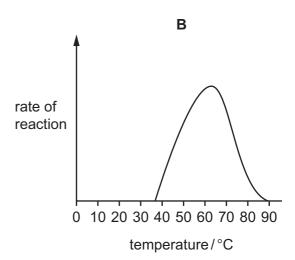
In which direction is osmosis occurring?

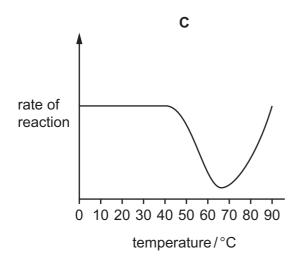
- A X to Y
- **B** Y to X
- C Y to Z
- **D** Z to Y
- 3 Which chemical element is found in all proteins, but not in all carbohydrates or fats?
 - A carbon
 - **B** hydrogen
 - **C** oxygen
 - **D** nitrogen

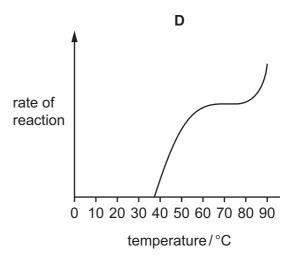
4 The Pompeii worm lives in deep-sea hydrothermal vents where **average** temperatures are often as high as 68 °C.

Which graph represents the activity of enzymes found in the Pompeii worm?

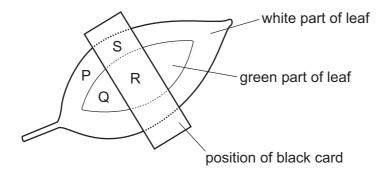








5 A plant has leaves which have white parts and green parts. One of the leaves is partly covered by a piece of black card on both sides. The plant is left in the light for two days.



The leaf is then removed and tested for the presence of starch.

Which row is correct?

	Р	Q	R	S	
Α	√	X	X	✓	key
В	X	✓	✓	X	✓ = starch present
С	X	✓	X	X	x = starch absent
D	✓	X	✓	✓	

6 What is assimilation?

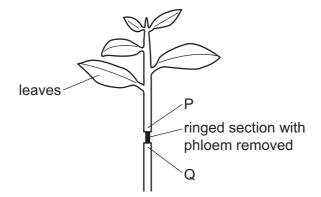
- A the movement of digested food molecules into the cells of the body where they are used, becoming part of the cells
- **B** the movement of digested food molecules through the wall of the intestine into the blood

0654/22/F/M/22

- **C** the passing out of food that has not been digested, as faeces, through the anus
- **D** the taking of food and drink into the body through the mouth

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7 The diagram shows a plant shoot that is ringed. This removes the phloem from a section of the shoot.

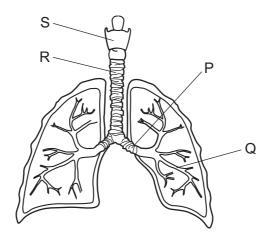


The plant is left in bright light for 24 hours. Plant tissues are then tested for the presence of sucrose above the ringed section at P and below the ringed section at Q.

Which row shows the expected results?

	presence of sucrose		
	P Q		
Α	✓	✓	
В	X	✓	
С	✓	X	
D	X	X	

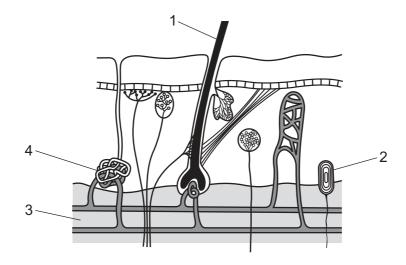
8 The diagram shows the main structures in the breathing system of humans.



Which row identifies the larynx, bronchus, trachea and bronchioles?

	larynx	bronchus	trachea	bronchioles
Α	Р	Q	R	S
В	R	Р	S	Q
С	S	Р	R	Q
D	S	Q	Р	R

9 The diagram shows a section through the skin.



Which labelled structures help to maintain body temperature in the cold?

A 1 and 3

B 1 and 4

C 2 and 3

D 3 and 4

- 10 Which statements correctly describe the human male gamete?
 - 1 contains enzymes
 - 2 food stores present
 - 3 flagellum present
 - 4 surrounded by a jelly coating
 - **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 1 and 3
- **C** 2 and 3
- **D** 3 and 4
- **11** The table gives statements about a human haploid nucleus.

Which row is correct?

	a single set of unpaired chromosomes	found in gametes	produced by mitosis	
Α	Х	X	✓	key
В	✓	✓	X	✓= true
С	x	✓	✓	x = false
D	✓	X	X	

- 12 What is the main factor which determines the number of trophic levels in food chains?
 - A competition between organisms
 - B efficiency of energy transfer between trophic levels
 - **C** removal of a member of a food chain
 - **D** unstable ecosystem due to changing environment
- 13 Which row shows an effect of a human activity on the environment?

	activity	effect	
Α	cutting down forests	acid rain	
В	cutting down forests	eutrophication	
С	overuse of fertilisers	acid rain	
D	overuse of fertilisers	eutrophication	

14 Substance P is separated into different parts using simple physical techniques.

Substance Q is only separated into simpler parts using chemical processes.

Substance R is not separated into simpler parts by either physical or chemical processes.

Which type of substance are P, Q and R?

	Р	Q	R
Α	compound	mixture	element
В	element	compound	mixture
С	mixture	element	compound
D	mixture	compound	element

15 Hydrogen chloride is a gas. It dissolves in water to form an acidic solution.

Three different samples of hydrogen chloride are listed.

- 1 73.0 g of hydrogen chloride gas
- 2 7.30 dm³ of hydrogen chloride gas at r.t.p.
- 3 730 cm³ of 1.00 mol/dm³ aqueous hydrogen chloride

Which row shows the relative number of moles of hydrogen chloride in these samples?

	fewest		most
Α	1	2	3
В	1	3	2
С	2	3	1
D	3	2	1

16 Aluminium is extracted from aluminium oxide by electrolysis.

What is added to aluminium oxide in this process?

- A concentrated aqueous sodium chloride
- **B** cryolite
- C dilute sulfuric acid
- **D** water

- 17 Which statements about the reduction of copper(II) oxide by heating with carbon are correct?
 - 1 Copper(II) ions lose electrons.
 - 2 Copper(II) oxide acts as an oxidising agent.
 - 3 Copper(II) oxide loses oxygen.
 - 4 Oxide ions are reduced.
 - **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 1 and 4
- **C** 2 and 3
- **D** 3 and 4

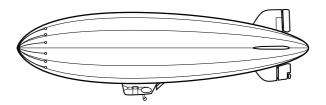
18 Copper carbonate is insoluble in water.

Which method can be used to make copper carbonate?

- A adding aqueous sodium carbonate to aqueous copper sulfate and filtering off the product
- **B** adding solid calcium carbonate to aqueous copper sulfate and filtering off the product
- **C** adding solid copper oxide to solid calcium carbonate and heating the mixture
- **D** heating copper metal in carbon dioxide
- **19** Which test and its result identifies aqueous bromide ions?
 - A adding acidified aqueous silver nitrate forming a cream precipitate
 - **B** adding acidified aqueous silver nitrate forming a white precipitate
 - **C** adding aluminium foil and heating with sodium hydroxide forming a gas that turns red litmus paper blue
 - **D** adding dilute acid forming a gas that produces a white precipitate when bubbled through limewater
- 20 Which row about the trends in the elements going down Group I of the Periodic Table is correct?

	reactivity	melting point
Α	decreases	decreases
В	decreases	increases
С	increases	decreases
D	increases	increases

21 An airship containing an unreactive gas floats in air, as shown.



Which gas is used to fill the airship?

- A carbon dioxide
- **B** helium
- C hydrogen
- **D** nitrogen
- 22 Duralumin and magnalium are alloys used in the manufacture of aircraft.

They both contain aluminium and another metallic element.

The alloys are made up of1..... of each element.

They are used because they are2..... than the pure metals.

Which words complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
Α	atoms	harder
В	atoms	softer
С	molecules	harder
D	molecules	softer

23 Iron is extracted in the blast furnace.

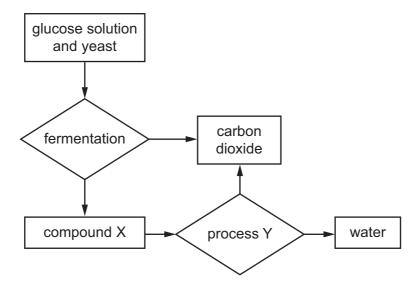
Which reactions are involved in removing acidic impurities as slag?

- 1 C + $O_2 \rightarrow CO_2$
- 2 C + $CO_2 \rightarrow 2CO$
- 3 Fe₂O₃ + 3CO \rightarrow 2Fe + 3CO₂
- 4 $CaCO_3 \rightarrow CaO + CO_2$
- 5 CaO + SiO₂ \rightarrow CaSiO₃
- **A** 1 and 2 only **B** 1, 2 and 3 **C** 3, 4 and 5 **D** 4 and 5 only

24	Wh	ich state	ments aboເ	ments about the reactions in a catalytic converter are correct?				
		1	The cataly	The catalyst needs to be hot for the reactions to work.				
		2	Carbon di	oxide is convert	ed to	carbon monoxid	de.	
		3	It converts	pollutant gases	s into	gases present i	n cle	an air.
		4	Nitrogen a	and oxygen com	bine	to form nitrogen	mor	noxide.
	A	1 and 2	В	1 and 3	С	2 and 4	D	3 and 4
25	Wh	ich subst	tances neut	ralise acids?				
		1	lime					
		2	limestone					
		3	calcium hy	/droxide				
	A	1 and 2	only B	1 and 3 only	С	2 and 3 only	D	1, 2 and 3
26	Wh	ich state	ments abou	ıt ethene and bı	ut-1-e	ene are correct?		
		1	Only ether	ne reacts with b	romir	ne water.		
		2	They are both formed by cracking alkanes.					
		3	They both	react with stea	m to 1	form alcohols.		
		4	They have	e different gener	al for	mulae.		

A 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 3 and 4

27 The flow chart shows some chemical substances and processes.

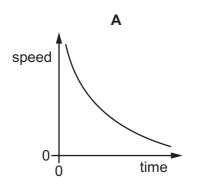


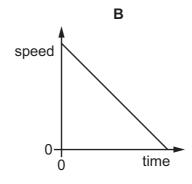
Which row identifies compound X and process Y?

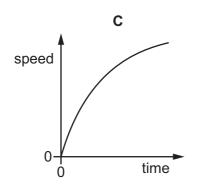
	compound X	process Y
Α	ethanol	combustion
В	ethanol	cracking
С	ethene	combustion
D	ethene	cracking

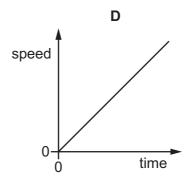
28 An object falls freely in a vacuum.

Which speed-time graph represents the motion of the object?

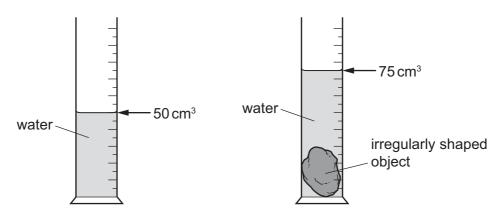








29 An irregularly shaped object is lowered into a measuring cylinder of water.

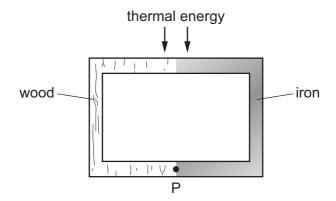


As the object is lowered into the water, the water level rises from $50\,\mathrm{cm}^3$ to $75\,\mathrm{cm}^3$. The object has a mass of $50\,\mathrm{g}$.

What is the density of the object?

- $\textbf{A} \quad 0.50\,\text{g/cm}^3$
- **B** $0.67 \, \text{g/cm}^3$
- **C** $1.5 \,\mathrm{g/cm^3}$
- $D = 2.0 \,\mathrm{g/cm^3}$

- 30 Which source of energy is non-renewable?
 - A hydroelectric
 - **B** nuclear fission
 - C tides
 - **D** waves
- 31 The diagram shows an object made partly of wood and partly of iron. Thermal energy is supplied in the position shown. Point P is marked at the bottom of the object.



How does most thermal energy reach point P?

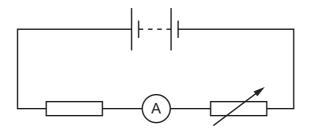
- A by conduction through the iron
- **B** by conduction through the wood
- **C** by convection through the iron
- **D** by convection through the wood
- **32** Light undergoes total internal reflection in an optical fibre.

Which statement explains why this reflection occurs?

- A The angle of incidence is equal to the angle of refraction.
- **B** The angle of incidence is greater than the angle of reflection.
- **C** The angle of incidence is greater than the critical angle.
- **D** The angle of incidence is less than the critical angle.
- 33 Which statement about sound waves is not correct?
 - **A** They are caused by vibrations.
 - **B** They are longitudinal.
 - **C** They transfer energy.
 - **D** They travel in a vacuum.

34 A circuit contains a battery, a fixed resistor, an ammeter and a variable resistor.

The reading on the ammeter is 1.8 mA.

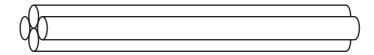


How much charge flows through the variable resistor in 30 s?

- **A** 0.054 C
- **B** 17 C
- **C** 54 C
- **D** 17000 C

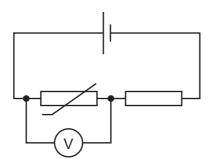
35 A copper wire has a resistance of 8.0Ω .

Four of these wires are arranged side by side to form a cable, as shown.



What is the resistance of this cable?

- **A** $0.50\,\Omega$
- **B** 2.0Ω
- \mathbf{C} 32 Ω
- **D** 128Ω
- **36** The diagram shows a circuit containing a resistor and an NTC thermistor.

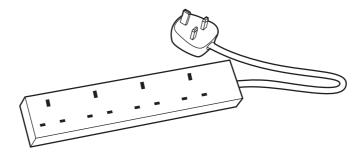


The temperature of the thermistor increases.

What happens to the resistance of the thermistor and what happens to the reading on the voltmeter?

	resistance of thermistor	reading on voltmeter
Α	decreases	decreases
В	decreases	increases
С	increases	decreases
D	increases	increases

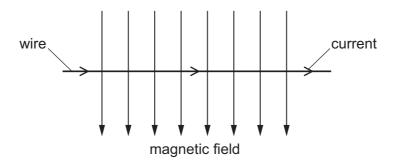
37 An electrical extension block has four sockets, a cable which can safely take a current of 6 A and a plug. It is protected by a fuse rated at 5 A.



The extension block is used with four appliances and the 5 A fuse blows. The owner replaces the 5 A fuse with a 13 A fuse.

Why is the extension block now dangerous?

- A The appliances may not receive enough current.
- **B** The cable may overheat before the fuse blows.
- **C** The sockets may burn out before the fuse blows.
- **D** The 13 A fuse may blow too soon.
- **38** The diagram shows a wire in a magnetic field. There is a current in the wire in the direction shown. The direction of the magnetic field is also shown.



The magnetic field causes a force on the wire.

In which direction does this force act?

- A into the page
- B out of the page
- C towards the bottom of the page
- D towards the top of the page

39 How do the ionising effect and the penetrating ability of alpha-emissions compare with those of beta-emissions?

	ionising effect	penetrating ability
Α	alpha more ionising than beta	alpha more penetrating than beta
В	alpha more ionising than beta	alpha less penetrating than beta
С	alpha less ionising than beta	alpha more penetrating than beta
D	alpha less ionising than beta	alpha less penetrating than beta

40 A radioactive isotope has a half-life of 18 years. A sample contains 80 million atoms of this isotope.

How long does it take for the number of atoms of this isotope in the sample to decrease to 10 million?

- **A** 2.25 years
- **B** 6.0 years
- C 54 years
- **D** 180 years

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The Periodic Table of Elements

		z He	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ā	argon 40	36	궃	krypton 84	54	×	xenon 131	98	R	radon			
	\			6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	ğ	bromine 80	53	Н	iodine 127	85	¥	astatine -			
	 			80	0	oxygen 16	16	ഗ	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	<u>a</u>	tellurium 128	84	Ъ	polonium –	116		livermorium –
	>			7	z	nitrogen 14	15	₾	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	Bi	bismuth 209			
	2			9	ပ	carbon 12	14	Si	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	20	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Εl	flerovium
	=			2	В	boron 11	13	Ρl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	11	thallium 204			
										30	Zu	zinc 65	48	В	cadmium 112	80	Нg	mercury 201	112	C	copernicium -
										29	Cn	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	79	Au	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -
dn										28	Z	nickel 59	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	പ	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
Group										27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	뫈	rhodium 103	77	'n	iridium 192	109	¥	meitnerium -
		- I	hydrogen 1							26	Fe	iron 56	44	R	ruthenium 101	9/	SO	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium -
										25	Mn	manganese 55	43	ပ	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186			bohrium —
					loc	ISS				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	>	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -
		Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	g	niobium 93	73	٦a	tantalum 181	105	Вb	dubnium –	
				10	ato	rela				22	ı=	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	士	hafnium 178	104	꿆	rutherfordium -
							•			21	လွ	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89-103	actinoids	
	=			4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	ഗ്	strontium 88	99	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium
	_			8	:=	lithium 7	7	Na	sodium 23	19	¥	potassium 39	37	Rb	rubidium 85	55	Cs	caesium 133	87	ŗ	francium -

71	Pn	lutetium 175	103	۲	lawrenciun
		ytterbium 173			
69	Ħ	thulium 169	101	Md	mendelevium -
89	Щ	erbium 167	100	Fn	fermium -
29	웃	holmium 165	66	Es	einsteinium –
99	ò	dysprosium 163	86	ర్	califomium
65	Tp	terbium 159	6	ă	berkelium
64	В	gadolinium 157	96	Cm	curium
63	Ш	europium 152	92	Am	americium
62	Sm	samarium 150	94	Pu	plutonium
61	Pm	promethium -	93	ď	neptunium -
09	pN	neodymium 144	92	\supset	uranium 238
29	Ą	praseodymium 141	91	Ра	protactinium 231
58	Ce	cerium 140	06	T	thorium 232
22	Гa	lanthanum 139	68	Ac	actinium

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).